

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR, IN ADVANCE  
J. J. BURKE Editor and Publisher

**R. C. Higgins, Manager**



# The Antioch News.

J. J. BURKE, Publisher.  
ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

## EVENTS OF THE WEEK

Police Officers Albert P. Rawlins and Charles A. Daniels fought a duel to the death at Dallas, Texas. Rawlins was almost instantly killed and Daniels died an hour later. The duel was the result of a difference of long standing.

During the progress of a ball game at Felicity, Ohio, Larry Larkin struck Chas. Schock on the head with a baseball bat. Schock was rendered unconscious and died. He had been a merchant at Felicity for twenty years.

While Henry Hahn, of New York, was riding his bicycle near Arrochar, S. I., the wheel suddenly stopped and Hahn was forced to dismount. He looked at the rear wheel and saw that a black snake five feet long had become entangled in it.

The coroner's jury at Onalua placed the blame for the electrocution of four men at the Mercer Chemical Company's fire on Aug. 9 on the Thomson-Houston Electric Light Company and the city electrician, charging criminal negligence.

In East Middlebury, Vt., a man named Eastwood went to the home of his mother-in-law and shot his wife and her mother, killing both. He then drove to Middlebury, went to the residence of Frank Penn, shot him through the heart, killing him instantly.

David McDade, one of the best known aeronauts in the country, jumped from a burning balloon a half mile in the air in the presence of 1,200 people at Oregu, N. Y. He landed in the river and was rescued with a few bruises and several burns.

Thoburn Gibson has discovered an ore deposit upon the lands of Jesse Spalding, between Crystal Falls, Minn., and Amana, that shows up to be 600 feet long and averages thirty feet wide. The ore assays 64.40 in iron and .08 in phosphorus. The find is worth \$50,000.

It is expected General Lord Kitchener of Khartoum, conqueror of the Sudan, will pay a visit to New York and other cities of this country as soon as the important military mission upon which he set out recently is accomplished and he is able to take a vacation.

A mob of sympathizers with the locked-out union employees of the electric street railway in Chantanooga, at a secluded spot on the road, attacked with rocks a car containing a number of passengers. Windows in the car were broken and the motorman was struck.

Emile Sybarbeau was riding a bicycle on the streets at Muncie, Ind., when the pneumatic tire in the rear wheel exploded, throwing the rider several feet into the air. He was dashed to the sidewalk and rendered unconscious. The rider was found to be in a dying condition.

It has been decided by the Government of Russia that hereafter any university or high school student creating or instigating disorders shall be forcibly drafted into the army and compelled to render from one to three years' service. It is not said whether or not this applies to foreign students.

The standing of the clubs in the National League race is as follows:

W. L.	W. L.
Brooklyn . . . 34	St. Louis . . . 45
Pittsburgh . . . 41	Pittsburgh . . . 40
Philadelphia . . . 31	St. Louis . . . 42
St. Louis . . . 38	New York . . . 40
Cincinnati . . . 44	Washington . . . 35
Cleveland . . . 44	Cleveland . . . 17

Following is the standing of the clubs in the Western League:

W. L.	W. L.
Indianapolis . . . 38	St. Paul . . . 45
Minneapolis . . . 39	Minneapolis . . . 43
Grand Rapids . . . 41	Buffalo . . . 45
Detroit . . . 40	Kansas City . . . 30

## BREVITIES.

At Bowling Green, Ohio, the jury in the case of John Zeltner, on trial for the murder of Attorney Westenhaver, brought in a verdict of guilty of manslaughter.

Fifteen hundred coal miners in the Middlesboro, Ky., district went on strike asking an immediate advance of pay. They had been promised 5 per cent increase on Sept. 1.

Solomon Quinter of Reading, Pa., formerly a railroad employee, shot and instantly killed his wife, Annie, aged 48 years, and Edward H. Kitzmiller, aged 28, whom he found in her company.

It is proposed after the close of the Paris exhibition next year to open an American exhibition either in Moscow or St. Petersburg, consisting chiefly of American exhibits from the French capital.

In consequence of the new anti-rebate law going into effect in Texas general managers of all railroads will call in every pass and no more will be issued except for charity, to employees and peace officers.

James Quinn, aged 60 years, a resident of Lookout, a suburb of Carbondale, Pa., was killed in a faction fight between his family and the Gallaghers. Spectators say that fully 200 combatants were in the melee.

Two police officers were murdered at Denver by a recruit belonging to Company L. Thirty-fourth Volunteer Infantry, now stationed at Fort Logan. The officers were shadowing the soldier and two companions.

At La Crosse, Wis., fire broke out in the two-story building corner Pearl and Front streets, occupied by Davis, Sorenson & Co., manufacturers of bar fixtures and office furniture. It was totally destroyed. Loss, \$50,000.

Two men have ambushed Maître Lachet, counsel for Dreyfus, at Rennes, and one shot was fired, hitting Lachet in the back.

A Johnstown, Pa., dispatch says a reduction of wages in the structural department of the Cambria Steel Company goes into effect at once, ranging between 70 and 80 per cent.

Including Paul Deroulede, sixteen members of the Anti-Semitic Patriotic League, including royalists have been arrested in Paris under a general charge of forming a conspiracy to overthrow the Government.

## EASTERN.

Robert Porterfield, a well-known shipping master, died in Brooklyn, aged 80 years.

Col. William E. Sinn, the theatrical manager, is dead at Pittsfield, Mass. He was 65 years old.

The Union Steel and Chain Company, with a capital of \$2,000,000, has been incorporated in Delaware.

The next meeting of the grand council of colored Scottish Rite Masons will be held in Washington in August of next year.

Maurice Flynn, a shoe manufacturer of Lynn, Mass., filed a petition in bankruptcy. His liabilities are \$40,741 and his assets \$28,440.

Jennie Worrell, twenty years ago a famous beauty and actress, was probably fatally burned by burning grass on the Coney Island meadows.

Shoe manufacturers effected a permanent national organization at Philadelphia and agreed upon a general advance in prices of 10 to 25 cents a pair.

During a heavy electrical storm the flat glass works of John Murray & Co. at Philadelphia were struck by lightning and destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$125,000.

Rev. Charles M. Lamson, D. D., Hartford, Conn., president of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, died suddenly at Johnsbury, Vt., of neuritis of the heart, aged 66.

The inquest into the death of Charles F. Autenreith, the supposed wealthy Philadelphia banker, who committed suicide by shooting himself, disclosed the fact that he was on the verge of financial ruin.

John B. Smith, formerly in the real estate and building business in New York, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, showing liabilities of \$136,494, of which \$92,708 is unsecured. His available assets are \$28,307.

Morando Jaconah, who killed his wife in Hoboken last May because she refused to live with him, committed suicide in his cell in the Jersey City Jail. He hanged himself with a rope made of strips torn from his underclothing.

Hazing at West Point has been abolished by Col. Albert L. Mills, whose gallantry at the storming of San Juan Heights, when he was a lieutenant of cavalry, cost him an eye and won him the superintendency of the military academy.

Mrs. Mary Ellen Sigbee, only daughter of Captain Charles D. Sigbee, commander of the battleship Maine when the vessel was destroyed in Havana harbor, was secretly married in New York in November last to Balfour Kerr, a young artist.

## WESTERN.

The Second Oregon regiment was mustered out of service at San Francisco.

Frederick W. Niblock, Pasadena, Cal., died of hemorrhage of the lungs, aged 20.

After a tie-up of eleven days the sympathetic strike of the building trades in Chicago has been called off.

Mrs. Emma Blunt, Minneapolis, Minn., is dead. She was the wife of Abbott Blunt, associate editor of the Times.

George W. Blazer, superintendent of the Elizabeth, Colo., public schools, was shot and instantly killed on the street. The murderer escaped.

Fields of wheat in Cass and Trill counties, N. D., were devastated by a severe storm of wind and hail. The loss is from 40 to 50 per cent.

At Cleveland, explosives were again resorted to on the Euclid avenue line. The car was bound east. There were twenty-five passengers on board, but no one was injured.

Albert Beers shot and killed Daniel Lininger at Toledo while the latter was in company with Beers' wife. Lininger had been warned to stay away from Beers' house.

A liberal rainfall extended over southern Kansas and Oklahoma. For several days there had been very hot weather, but no hot winds, and corn is in perfect condition.

The last company of militia has left Cleveland, the authorities being decided that there is little probability of any further trouble in connection with the street car strike.

Mrs. Annabell Collier was fatally shot at Dearborn, Mo., by Mrs. Nellie Montgomery, who recently was plaintiff in a damage suit in which Mrs. Collier gave testimony against her.

Reports received by the director of the mint show that so far this season the amount of gold received at Seattle and San Francisco from the Alaskan gold fields aggregates \$7,000,000.

A live electric light wire, carrying a current of 2,000 volts, killed four firemen while they were fighting an insignificant blaze on an upper floor of the Mercer Chemical Company's building at Omaha.

In a quarrel near Sibley, Mo., David Elliott was shot and killed by his brother, Thomas H. Elliott. The shooting was done with an old-style muzzle-loading shotgun. The brothers quarreled some time ago.

First Sergeant John Jackson was shot and killed at Fort Douglas by Private W. H. Carter, and the latter was then shot and instantly killed while resisting arrest. Both belonged to the Ninth United States cavalry.

Three powder mills connected with the plant of the Aetna Powder Company, near Aetna, Ind., blew up. The explosion was caused by a fire igniting a quantity of granitic in process of manufacture. The loss was about \$5,000.

Gus McKennie, a prominent and wealthy cotton compressor of Galvestone, Texas, who with his wife had been stopping at Manitou, Colo., was instantly killed by a colored waiter, George A. McCormick, at the Barker House.

The engine and a portion of a south-bound Los Angeles express train on the Southern Pacific Railroad were derailed near Don Pales, Cal. Engineer O. J. Ford is reported to have been killed. None of the passengers lost his life.

The steamer Iowa was sunk at Pemaquid, five miles below Mount Vernon, Ind., and is a total loss. There were 600 passengers on board, and they had a narrow escape. One of the deck hands is missing, and it is thought he was lost.

The corpse of a man found floating in the Missouri river just above Kansas City has been identified as that of James E. Peters, an inmate of the soldiers' home at Grand Island, Neb. There are evidences that the man was murdered.

Joseph M. Britton was taken from his home in Newark, Ind., and severely whipped by White Caps. One held Mrs.

Britton and three others guarded her son, a third looked after the younger children. The others then assaulted Britton.

The injunction proceedings brought against the city of Toledo to prevent the payment of \$3,000 appropriated for a jacket to the meeting of the League of American Municipalities has had the desired effect and Toledo will not be represented.

A Wade Park avenue electric car of the Big Consolidated Lines in Cleveland was blown up near the Euclid avenue barns. The car was badly torn. The motorman was badly hurt. There was one passenger on the car, but he escaped injury.

Chicago will soon have another improvement added to its mail service. A plan has been adopted by the Postoffice Department for the registration of mail by the letter carriers at the doors of persons living in the residential sections of large cities.

Six firemen were injured at a fire which broke out in the restaurant of Star & Owen, near the corner of Sixth and Market streets, San Francisco. The roof of the building fell in and several of the firemen were buried beneath the debris. All are expected to survive.

Mrs. Clara Baldwin of Irvington, Ind., with strychnine introduced into the food eaten at dinner poisoned her husband, her son James, 18 years old, and her daughter Mary, 15 years old. Mrs. Baldwin went to an upper room and shot herself through the head, dying instantly.

Edward Eckinger, living six miles southeast of Canton, Ohio, and his daughter, Ruby, aged 3 years, were killed by his wife, who then ending her own life, using carbolic acid, slashing her arms with a razor and sending a load of shot into her heart to accomplish the suicide.

At Fremont, Neb., Dr. Jerome, a professional gambler, shot his partner, John Pope, five times. Jerome says he shot in self-defense, while Pope says his back was turned when he was shot at first by his partner. The trouble is the outgrowth of a disagreement over business matters.

The National Hay Association wound up its session at Detroit with the election of the following officers: President, James W. Sale, Bluffton, Ind.; first vice-president, John D. Carls, St. Paul, Minn.; secretary and treasurer, F. E. Collins, Cincinnati. Baltimore was chosen as the next place of meeting.

William T. Caple, a non-union motorman of the Big Consolidated Company at Cleveland, fired two shots at William Little, a teamster, both bullets taking effect. In return Little picked up a hatchet lying in his wagon and hurled it at Caple, striking the motorman in the head and making a frightful wound.

Several of the unsigned national bank notes of the First National Bank of Portland, Ore., taken by the Union Pacific railway in June, are in circulation, being of \$10, \$20 and \$50 denominations. Some have appeared at Chadron, Neb., and it is held by legal authorities that these bank notes are legal and must be redeemed.

A trainload of 500 horses which Powell Bros. were taking from North Yakima, Wash., to South Omaha were unloaded and watered at Billings, Mont. They had had no water since leaving Spokane, thirty hours previous. Soon after drinking and eating the horses began to go into spasms. Half of the horses died.

Robert Shatto, aged 17, met a horrible death at Columbus, Ind. He was working in a hopper-shaped wheat bin at Griffith's elevator. His legs became submerged in the wheat, and, drawn by the suction of receding wheat, he was unable to extricate himself. He was covered by 400 bushels of wheat, from which it required an hour to recover the body.

Workmen repairing the high school at Avonmore, Neb., brought to light a double tragedy. In one of the rooms was found the body of James Bloodworth. Lying partly across the body was that of Miss Grace Cooper. Both had been shot through the temple. Bloodworth was 21 and Miss Cooper was 16. They had been keeping company for some time, to which the parents of the girl objected.

## SOUTHERN.

Ben Thompson, colored, 20 years of age, was lynched at Alexandria, Va.

Ben Thompson, a negro 20 years old, was taken from the jail at Alexandria, Va., and lynched.

Former Gov. W. Y. Atkinson died at his residence in Newnan, Ga. He had been ill for ten days.

At Amite City, La., Adolphus, alias "Echo," Brown, colored, was shot and killed and Edgar Brown, colored, was severely flogged by a gang of armed men.

Two Mormon elders are reported to have been beaten to death with clubs by masked men in the mountains of Tennessee.

Near Grasser, Va., the house of Thos. Martin was burned and he and three children, aged 8, 11 and 13 years, perished in the flames.

At Danlow, W. Va., Levi Ramey, son of a very wealthy farmer, was shot to death by Sherman Smith at a dance. Jealousy is said to be the motive.

Charles P. James, Leesburg, Va., died, aged 80 years. He was formerly an associate justice of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, having retired in 1892.

The business portion of Catling, Ky., was destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of \$300,000. C. G. Rogers' tobacco warehouse, containing 300,000 pounds of tobacco, worth \$400,000, was burned.

Noah Finley, the negro who robbed and attempted to kill Maj. Darst at Dublin, Va., has been sentenced to be hanged, the jury having been notified that if a verdict was not rendered by a certain hour Finley would be lynched.

## FOREIGN.

Russia has notified China that the conclusion of an alliance with Japan would have the most serious consequences to China would be most serious.

Rev. Dr. Alexander Dalman Bruce, professor of apologetics and New Testament exegesis in Free Church College, Glasgow, since 1875, is dead. He was born in Perthshire in 1831.

According to Hong Kong advices an agreement has been reached between Great Britain and the Chinese Government that the United States shall have an executive settlement at Hankow.

The Chinese Government has refused to allow the United States to purchase horses in China for use in the Philip-

pines, holding that animals purchased for such purposes are contraband of war.

Emperor William received Congressman Foss at Kiel. The Kaiser expressed his pleasure at the cordial relations between Germany and America, and said he never believed the Dewey war interview.

A saber duel was fought at Vienna between Herr Wolf, the notorious German radical member of the Reichsrath, and Herr Witzke, a German liberal deputy, and the former was dangerously wounded.

The rumor that William Waldorf Astor will soon be raised to the British peerage assumes what is impossible. A law passed during the reign of William III. deprives the crown of the power of conferring the rank of peer upon naturalized aliens.

The existing prosperity of the working classes in England is strikingly evidenced by the report of the postoffice savings bank covering the year ending Jan. 1, 1890. The report shows that no less than \$180,800,190 was received from depositors during the year.

The revolutionary Dominican troops which assembled at Quinaminthe have crossed the frontier and have taken possession of Dajabon. The garrison at that place fled to Port-au-Prince, a strategic position commanding the town. The Haytian consul left the place.

Captain Vashiero, a naval attaché of the Japanese legation at St. Petersburg, thinks Russia will eventually abandon its transiberian railroad. At a banquet in Tokyo recently he said the greater part of the Siberian railway was imperfect in construction and it would hardly be possible to utilize it for war purposes.

## IN GENERAL.

The Great Lakes Towing Company has made the first payment of both the Inman and Singer lines of Duluth and the two are practically in the possession of the combine.

The Ottawa express on the Canada Atlantic railroad was derailed near Collingwood, Ont., while running at a rapid rate. Seven people were killed and a number of others injured.

When Gen. Torres learned that his nephew had been killed by the Yaquis he ordered that forty prisoners who had fallen into his hands be put to death, and they were taken out and shot.

George F. Bell, who claims he stole the celebrated Carranza letter, was discharged at Montreal by Magistrate Le Fon. He is on the ground that the prosecution had not proved that a letter was stolen.

A hurricane swept over the island of St. Croix, West Indies. Much damage was done, but no death has been reported. The force of the storm was also experienced at St. Thomas, but the damage done was slight.

The National Steel Company has contracted for 300 new coke ovens in the Connellsville coke region and also has contracted to take the entire production of the 750 ovens at the Oliver & Sawyer Company for a long term of years.

The Attorney General has sustained the views of Mr. Chamberlain, commissioner of navigation, as expressed in his decision denying American registry to vessels which were purchased abroad for the navy and afterward sold to private citizens.

Sixty Chinese members of the crew of the United States transport Victoria were in mutiny and before the end made a pitched battle took place. The ship's officers, backed by some carpenters, won. The trouble arose over wages, the Chinamen demanding a \$7 increase a month, which was refused.

A radical change is being made in the appearance of the baggage, mail and express cars on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. The platforms and hoods are being removed to increase the element of safety and save weight. The favorite riding place of tramps is also eliminated when the platforms are removed.

An American syndicate has just purchased for \$1,000,000 two islands, La Cruza and La Ramon, off the coast of Cuba. It is said there are immense quantities of iron there, and the syndicate holds that there are hidden there the vast treasures taken from Panama when that city was the richest in the Americas.

The climax of the Missouri-Kansas Zinc Miners' Association fight against the smelters for higher prices for zinc was reached the other day, when the association announced that it had had the prices for all grades of zinc ore for the next six months. This means prices for about \$8,000,000 worth of zinc ore. Hereafter the schedule of prices has been made weekly.

## MARKET REPORTS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$3.25; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$3.00; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$3.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 70c to 72c; corn, No. 2, 30c to 32c; oats, No. 2, 10c to 21c; rye, No. 2, 58c to 59c; butter, choice creamery, 18c to 19c; eggs, fresh, 11c to 12c; potatoes, choice, 35c to 45c per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$3.75; hogs, choice, \$2.75 to \$4.75; sheep, common to prime, \$3.25 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 66c to 67c; corn, No. 2 white, 33c to 34c; oats, No. 2 white, 22c to 24c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$3.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, 70c to 72c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 31c to 33c; oats, No. 2, 20c to 22c; rye, No. 2, 54c to 56c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$3.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.00; sheep, \$2.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 68c to 70c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 33c to 34c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 22c to 24c; rye, No. 2, 55c to 57c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$3.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.00; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 70c to 72c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 33c to 35c; oats, No. 2 white, 20c to 21c; rye, 54c to 56c.

Buffalo—Cattle, good shipping steers, \$3.00 to \$3.00; hogs, common to choice, \$3.25 to \$3.25; sheep, fair to choice with ears, \$3.50 to \$3.50; lambs, common to extra, \$4.50 to \$5.75.

New York—Cattle, \$3.25 to \$3.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$3.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 77c to 78c; corn, No. 2, 37c to 38c; oats, mixed Western, 27c to 28c; butter, creamery, 16c to 20c; eggs, Western, 11c to 15c.

# NEARLY 1,000 DEAD

Awful Destruction by the Great West Indian Storm.

## AMERICA SENDS AID.

Thousands Rendered Homeless and in Danger of Starvation.

Ponce Is Wholly Destroyed and Other Porto Rican Towns Suffer Great Loss—Five Hundred Bodies Recovered—Fears that a Plague Will Follow the Doom that Has Devastated the Country—The War Department Takes Prompt Measures to Relieve the Distress.

Nearly 1,000 lives and millions of dollars' worth of property are now known to have been destroyed by the hurricane in Porto Rico and the adjoining islands of the West Indies. Over 500 bodies have been recovered. Gen. Davis telegraphs that 100,000 people are destitute, and the full extent of the fatalities is not yet known. Not since 1870 has a storm of such fearful violence visited these islands. The War Department took prompt measures of relief in the matter of food for the stricken inhabitants of Porto Rico.

The track of the hurricane lay a little farther north than that of the storm which damaged Barbados and Martinique last year. Martinique seems to have escaped entirely, but Dominica and Guadeloupe, a little farther north, suffered severely. From these islands westward and slightly northward the hurricane swept with terrific force. The small British Islands of Montserrat, Nevis, St. Christopher's, and Antigua report a total of ninety-six fatalities, of which over three-fourths were in Montserrat. Guadeloupe lost over a hundred by death in the storm. Coming up toward Porto Rico the wind destroyed most of the houses and churches in the Danish Islands of St. Croix and St. Thomas, with thirty deaths reported from St. Croix. It is practically certain that when the smaller and less accessible islands in this Leeward group are heard from the total death list will be greatly increased.

The storm struck Porto Rico squarely on the southeast coast, doing its worst at Humacao and at Ponce, though at San Juan, on the north, much property was destroyed and several deaths resulted. The city and the port of Ponce are reported as total wrecks, with a loss of life estimated in the hundreds, and a damage of half a million to property. The fatalities here seem to have been caused chiefly by drowning in the river flood that accompanied the storm. As all interior communications have been cut off it is impossible to tell how much more damage has been done throughout the thickly populated eastern end of Porto Rico.

After wrecking the southern coast of this island the hurricane continued its westward and slightly northward course, devastating the northern coast of San Domingo and finally passing out upon the Atlantic with modified force at Cape Haytien. Along the whole track of the storm there now exists much suffering and starvation. A large amount of local shipping has been swept upon the shore and totally destroyed. When one remembers that only a trifle over a year ago Gen. Miles and his expedition were entering Ponce the thought gives cause for thankfulness that those crowded transports were not caught in such a storm.

The terrific nature of the West Indian hurricane has been famous for centuries. This is one of the things we have anticipated in Porto Rico, and one of the things we cannot reform. But the signal service can be extended and made so efficacious in the Caribbean that the whole region will be thoroughly prepared for every such storm, so far as preparation is possible. The weather bureau does not appear to have done much in the present case. The Government should take steps to equip the West Indian weather service as completely as possible for this work. These hurricanes can be predicted many hours beforehand, as is done at the Marine observatory, and their direction can be determined at the start. Though the whirling motion of the air is incredibly swift, the progressive advance of the storm is comparatively slow, and with improved cable communication between the islands the whole archipelago can easily be warned of what to expect.

The only other palliative that the American regime can offer to Porto Rico regarding this scourge is by extending aid and succor to the homeless victims. Gen. Davis, commanding in Porto Rico, telegraphed asking for food, clothing and money to help the unfortunate inhabitants get on their feet again, and the President has ordered the appeal.

In accordance therewith the Secretary of War sent out an appeal to the Mayors of cities for help for the destitute. The Secretary also took steps for immediate relief by ordering the distribution of rations to the sufferers by the army in Porto Rico. The Secretary instructed the commissary department to load the transport McPherson at New York with 600,000 pounds each of rice and beans and have it proceed to Porto Rico at once.

## Telegraphic Brevities.

Joseph Marshall, Mobile, Ala., shot and killed Marvin Green.

Armour & Co's fertilizer house, Chicago, was damaged \$11,000 by fire.

Jan. 18, 1890. The Louisville girl who took a dose of Paris green in Chicago, is dead.

Four men held up a conductor on a crowded trolley car in New York and robbed him of \$5.

Mrs. O'Hara Allhouse of Youngstown, Ohio, was held up by a thief on the streets of Akron and relieved of \$50.

Twenty-eight young girls from Ireland landed in New York to become sisters of charity. Most of them went to Texas.

Announced that the tailors have won their strike in New York. Operators set \$18, barbers \$15 and fishers \$10 a week.

# THE MCKINLEY HOMESTEAD.

President McKinley has bought the Canton, Ohio, house in which he and Mrs. McKinley began housekeeping twenty-eight years ago. The homestead passed out of Mr. McKinley's possession in 1892, of these bounties, and such time as he completed the house since was all for rent. Now he has purchased it of the holder, Mrs. Harter, for \$15,000. The property became famous as the birthplace of the President, and the wooden house on the hill, from the hill.



THE MCKINLEY HOMESTEAD.

drogs of delegations of visitors received there in the 1890 campaign. It was from the porch of this house that the speeches of that campaign were delivered by Mr. McKinley. President and Mrs. McKinley have many sacred associations with this house. In it they not only set up a home, but in it their children were born and died.

One hundred years ago the first savings bank was established in Boston in 1801, at the suggestion of Mr. Charles W. Sikes, a young banker, who was made a part of the postal department of Great Britain. Postal savings banks have since been opened by most of the European countries and their establishment in this country has been urged by a number of Postmaster Generals. In the United Kingdom the number of SIKES' depositors in the postal banks is 6,562,000, and the total amount of money on deposit is \$320,000,000. In the number of depositors at postal banks Italy stands second, with 3,000,000, though the total amount of deposits is only \$80,000,000. Of savings banks other than those connected with the postal department Great Britain has 230, with 1,327,000 depositors and total deposits of \$238,830,000. In France there are 6,050,000 depositors, 545 banks and total deposits of \$652,800,000.



# ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

## OCURRENCES DURING THE PAST WEEK

**Elopes with the Best Man—Cordland.**  
**Man Requests His Wife's Divorce.**  
**Negroes Assaulted by a Mob—Deaths.**  
**Are Canal Must Be Changed.**

Miss Anna Spitz and Eugene Eastman, two popular young people of Bloomington, were married last night at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Eastman, in a ceremony performed by Rev. J. H. Eastman. The ceremony was held at 8 o'clock and was attended by a large number of friends. The bride wore a white gown and the groom wore a dark suit. The reception was held at the home of the bride's parents.

**Kills His Wife and Himself.**  
 A murder followed by suicide occurred near Carlinville, Mo., where a man recently divorced from his wife, who had frequently threatened her life. On a recent evening he went to where she was living with her three grown sons and after a few hasty words threatened her life. Before the boys could in any way protect her or disarm the man he fired the shot, killing her. The boys ran for help and alarm was given to catch the murderer, but he turned the revolver upon himself and died soon. It is thought the man was crazed with drink. He had been very bitter toward his wife because she secured a divorce.

**Old Illinois Church Celebrates.**  
 The 140th anniversary of St. Paul's Free Protestant Church, the oldest Protestant church in southern Illinois, was celebrated at Belleville. The exercises, which took place at the opera house, and in the garden adjoining were attended by 1,000 people, several coming from Chicago and St. Louis. Sermons were delivered by Rev. Messrs. Morris Evers of Chicago, Martin Krey of St. Louis, E. G. Gerber of Highland, Herman Faber of Marine and W. W. Abitaki and Walcott Oakes of St. Louis. An elaborate musical program was rendered by church choirs from different cities, assisted by the local Liederkreis Society.

**Must Change Canal's Course.**  
 An investigation of the section of the Hennepin canal in which the bottom has fallen out shows that all the troublesome tract lies in the Devil's elbow country. The only way to get through it is to go around it. The right of way must be secured for the new line, and this, by the process that has hitherto been followed, may take several years. The Government may lose a considerable part of the work that has been done, and the securing of new right of way will cost a good deal, in addition to being tedious and of long duration.

**Sangamon County Schools.**  
 County Superintendent Van Dorn's annual statistical report of the schools of Sangamon County shows that the county has 20,180 persons under 21 years of age, of whom 14,092 are males and 14,497 females, and 20,045 persons of school age. There are 180 school buildings and the number of scholars enrolled for the year was 14,105. There are thirty-eight graded schools. The estimated value of school property is \$503,000. The 370 teachers are paid monthly salaries averaging \$65.97 for men and \$43.36 for women.

**Mob Assaults Three Negroes.**  
 Three negroes who arrived in Hann, recently were set upon by sympathizers of the union miners, pelted with stones and missiles of every character and driven out of the city. In the party who assaulted the blacks were a number of the wives and sons of miners. One of the negroes was badly injured, his head being lacerated. During the compulsory exodus of the negroes, it is claimed by their assailants that they were fired upon four times from the Springfield Mining Company's tippie, but none of the shots took effect.

**Forgets His Wife and Home.**  
 Robert Armstrong, who disappeared from Belleville on June 1, has been located at Ellettsburg, Ind. When he went away he left a bride of two weeks. His friends believe that his continued absence has been due to some peculiar lapse of memory, and will take steps to bring him back.

**Brief State Happenings.**  
 John Hayes Crowell, aged 71, is dead at Kankakee.  
 August Ritter, aged 44, was drowned at Quincy while bathing in the river. The body was recovered.  
 While bathing in the Embarras river at Quincy, Ollis Higgins, who was unable to swim, went beyond his depth and was drowned. The body was recovered three hours later.  
 Prisoners confined in the county jail at Belvidere sawed their way out and escaped through a section covered with corn fields. Three prisoners refused to leave the jail.

The recent reunion of the Alken Soldier Reunion Association, whose grounds are near Benton, was attended by the largest crowd in the ten years' existence of the organization.

John A. Burchard died at Freeport of consumption, aged 71 years. He was in the railway mail service thirty years and had run out of Chicago to Toledo, Ohio, and Cedar Rapids, Iowa, for years.

During a thunderstorm Mrs. William Hale, residing two miles south of Eldorado, was struck by lightning while standing near the kitchen door. She is terribly burned and paralyzed, and cannot recover. The building was slightly damaged.

While crossing the Mobile and Ohio tracks at Waterloo John Carver, driver for the Standard Oil Company, and his 14-year-old son were struck by a freight train. The son was instantly killed and Carver so badly injured that he died a few hours later.

The annual reunion of Company Q, 115th Illinois Regiment, was held in Mount Carmel. From 2,000 to 3,000 persons were in attendance. Among the speakers were Congressman E. R. Ridgely of Kansas, Col. G. A. Foster of Kansas City, Mo., Theodore G. Riley, Rev. J. H. Waterick and others.

John Kuechmann, one of Galena's wealthy residents, is dead. He was 87 years old and had been a leading merchant and citizen for fifty years.

Edward O. Schaefer, Des Plaines died from a stroke of paralysis. Mr. Schaefer was a very prominent Democrat and at the time of his death was the Democratic central committee man.

Levi B. Miner, postmaster and principal stockholder of the State Journal, and Miss Georgia Patton, one of the best known teachers in the Springfield public schools, were married at Springfield.

Plans are now being matured in Peoria for the erection of a mammoth glass factory to be located on the river front in the near future. The originator and principal promoter of the project is Monroe Bleberling. The plant will cost \$1,000,000.

The Monmouth City Council has passed an ordinance granting a local company a twenty-year franchise to operate a street railway. The franchise includes all the principal streets. The company proposes to have cars running before winter.

At Galesburg, the three large paying brick companies, the Purinton, Galesburg and Galesburg Brick and Terra Cotta, have voluntarily increased the wages of their employees, all lines being affected and 400 hands benefited. The average increase is about 10 per cent.

Judith and Grant Elliott, twin sons of a Peoria farmer, have returned from a two years' sojourn in the Klondike credited with \$60,000. They say that reports of murder, starvation and robbery in Dawson are without foundation. They have four valuable claims near Dawson.

The Chicago and Alton may run into Peoria next year over its own lines. The consolidation of the local offices of the Chicago and Alton and the St. Louis, Peoria and Northern will take place next month. The Alton's contract with the Peoria and Rock Island expires Sept. 1 and it is not yet known whether it will be renewed.

Mrs. Betsy Griffin, whose great-grandfather was the Earl of Charnock, died in a hut near Armington. Papers found in the house where she had lived in a miserly manner for several years show her to be of noble blood, and had she pushed her claim at the proper time she would have received a third of an estate valued at \$1,000,000.

The heaviest rain in forty years fell in the vicinity of Carrollton. The creeks are all out of their banks and the villages of Eldred and Pegasus have been submerged. Hundreds of acres of corn have been washed out. William and Fred Young, aged 16 and 10 years, were drowned while attempting to cross Hurricane creek at Pegasus.

Four and one-quarter inches of rain fell at Quincy in six hours. It was the heaviest rainfall for years, and much damage was done. Hundreds of acres of corn and oats in the bottom lands were submerged and probably ruined. Three hundred feet of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad track between Quincy and Halls was washed out. Much damage was done in the city in the way of flooded cellars and fences washed away.

Seven hundred Irish members of St. Patrick's Church were excommunicated at East St. Louis by Bishop Jansen of Belleville because they persistently refused to accept as their pastor the Rev. Father W. Olm. The parishioners object to Father Olm because he is a German. They requested and then demanded an Irish pastor. Their demand was unheeded, and since then the 700 Irish parishioners have been in open and defiant rebellion to the bishop.

The incorporation papers of the Ingersoll Memorial Association have been received at Peoria. The following officers have been elected: Frank O. Cunningham, secretary, and Randolph Pfeiffer, treasurer. An address will be formulated announcing the incorporation of the association under the laws of the State of Illinois and soliciting subscriptions from the friends and admirers of the great agnostic all over the United States for the purpose of erecting a suitable monument to his memory in his old home.

Miss Della Lamont, an unusually attractive girl, 20 years of age, leaped from a railway trestle, a distance of fifty feet, receiving injuries that will prove fatal. Miss Lamont had been the guest of Miss Harris of Belleville for several days. She asked Miss Harris to accompany her out on the high trestle across Richland creek valley. They turned before making the entire trip, Miss Harris leading. She was suddenly startled to hear Miss Lamont shout a farewell to her, and turned in time to see her guest plunge from the trestle.

John A. Gale, who left Freeport a year and a half ago with the Chicago Alaska Mining Company for the Klondike, arrived home after an illness of three months with scurvy at Stampart, Ohio. He says the gold fields are no more and that in that vicinity there is no dust to speak of. Of all the men who wintered in the territory last year, not one in a thousand made a living. They suffered all sorts of hardships, many were ill with scurvy, and when he left in the early summer the prospectors were deserting the place by hundreds. He brought a few ounces of nuggets home with him, but they cost him dearly in health and money.

A man who gave his name as Frank Bollett died in the hospital at Freeport from the effects of a blow on the head given him by Patrick English July 27. Bollett, who was a stranger, had a quarrel with English and the latter, reacting a vile epithet, struck him with his fist above the left ear. Bollett fell, striking his head on a cement sidewalk. He only partly recovered his senses before his death. A post-mortem showed that his skull was fractured, whether from the blow or the fall the doctors are not certain, but the coroner's jury held English to the grand jury to answer for the killing. Bollett said his home was in Ohio and that he had a daughter living in Toledo.

Herman Straus of the Enterprise Bottling works was arrested at Galesburg for not complying with an ordinance recently passed requiring bottling works to pay an annual license of \$500. The company will fight the case in the courts.

The city of Peoria has a fight with the dairymen on its hands. The latter held a meeting in the village hall in North Peoria and declared war on the municipality. The ground taken by the dairymen is that the city ordinance compelling a registration of dealers and imposing a standard or test of the quality of milk is illegal.

## VIEW OF PONCE, PORTO RICO, DESTROYED BY THE HURRICANE.



TRY TO SLAY LABOR.

Dreyfus' Counsel Shot in the Back by Hidden Assassins.

At Rennes, France, two men ambushed Attorney Labori, counsel for Dreyfus, and one shot was fired, hitting Labori in the back. After the attack he was able to walk to a doctor's home, and climbed the stairs to his office. The physician found the wound was under the left shoulder blade and had been made by a small ball. The wound is not deep. When M. Demange, Labori's colleague in the defense, arrived at his side, he cried cheerfully: "Not a tragedy this time." He told Demange to proceed with the trial, and that he hoped to be present and assist him in a week.

M. Labori left his home accompanied by his wife at 6:25 o'clock on Monday morning and started on foot for the Lycee to attend the day's session of the court-martial. The lawyer and his wife had reached the Quai d'Orleans on the edge of the city, when a man who had been concealed near by leaped out and fired a revolver at Labori. The lawyer staggered, but soon regained control of himself. His wife screamed for help. The shooting caused tremendous excitement. The spot chosen for assassination was suitable for such a deed. The would-be murderer could not be seen by the victim until close upon him.

Fernand Labori, the wounded attorney, is 40 years of age. He has attained fame as a brilliant lawyer and has been prominent in the Dreyfus case, seeking for information in behalf of the prisoner. Excitement scarcely equaled since the assassination of President Carnot reigned in Paris on the announcement of the attempted assassination of M. Labori. Crowds gathered in the hotels and cafes and on the street corners. The latter were dispersed by the police. The very calmness of the people seemed ominous. Men seem to feel the matter too grave for anything as trivial as a demonstration.

## FILIPINO OFFICERS MEETING AMERICANS.



From a drawing made in Manila.

Honest supporters of the military party were speechless. They have stood by the army in crisis after crisis in public sentiment. Through years of blood, dishonor and astounding tales of prison massacres, but they have bravely stood their ground. But they were not prepared to defend a cowardly and brutal assassination.

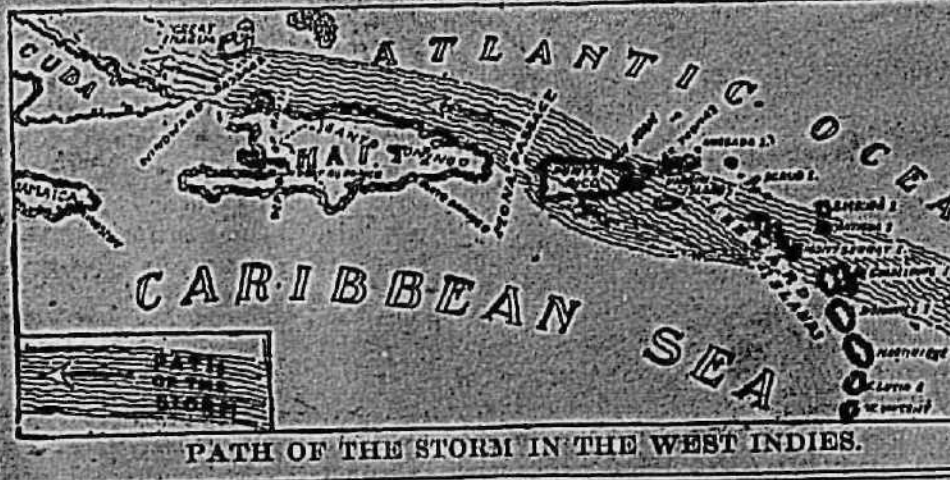
Saturday's session of the Dreyfus trial was extremely dramatic. The chief interest centered in the testimony of Gen. Merder, former Minister of War. His evidence was expected by Dreyfusards to prove conclusively the guilt of the prisoner. In this it failed.

Gen. Merder in concluding his statement said that if he had not been convinced of the guilt of Dreyfus he would admit that he had been mistaken. Then the most sensational event of the day took place. Dreyfus, stung to the quick, sprang to his feet and shouted, "You ought to say so now."

The courtroom was in an uproar. Cheers after cheer rang out for Dreyfus, while Merder was cursed and hissed. Mr. Casimir Perier, former President of France, told of his connection with the case and demanded the right to confront and refute the assertions of Merder. The testimony given by the other witnesses was in the main favorable to Dreyfus.

Upon the arrival of M. Labori with his family in Rennes, just prior to the opening of the Dreyfus trial, he was forced to pay exorbitant prices for apartments, so strong were the sentiments in Rennes against the prisoner. He had been warned that there was danger to have his family there, as they might be subjected to attack, but he said he was of the opinion that having his family about him would perhaps cause him to exert more care than ordinary under the abstraction of his legal duties.

Patronize those who advertise.



## PENSION ROLL IS DECREASING.

Commissioner Evans Files His Report for the Fiscal Year.

The report of Commissioner of Pensions Evans for the fiscal year ended June 30 last shows total disbursements of \$188,268,023, leaving a balance of \$1,867,188 in the treasury out of the \$140,000,000 appropriated. The total number of pensioners on the roll June 30 was 901,510, a decrease of 2,165. There were 40,091 names added to the roll and 43,180 dropped. The report shows that the pension roll is decreasing.

Of those dropped 34,345 were because of death and 8,841 because of remarriage, minors attaining their majority, failure to claim pension and other causes. Under the general law there were 1,411 claims filed and 3,024 allowed. There were 0,184 original widows' claims filed and 4,240 allowed. The war with Spain brought a total of 16,086 claims, of which number but 295 have been allowed.

Under the act of June 27, 1890, original invalid pensions to the number of 6,860 were filed and 20,641 allowed. There were 18,845 original widows' claims under this act filed and 12,185 granted. Out of 34,330 applications for increases under the general law, 22,460 were granted, and out of 31,770 applications for increases under the act of 1890, 23,903 were granted. A recapitulation shows that out of a total of 111,887 claims filed 80,054 certificates were issued.

During the year sixty-three attorneys were disbarred, ten suspended, two dropped and one application for admission to

## BUSINESS SITUATION.

Chicago Correspondence:

In the stock markets last week further evidence was given of confidence on the part of the people at large in continued advances. Trading in what are known as the "industrial" securities of the large manufacturing combinations which have been formed in the last two years, was on an extensive scale, and values for many of these rose to a materially higher level. In only a few instances were there any signs of manipulation on the part of "insiders" or cliques of market operators. The buying came for the most part from the commission houses, and seems to have been largely for the account of people well posted as to the condition, earnings and prospects of these corporations.

Reports from the principal trade and manufacturing centers are of a favorable character and furnish abundant explanation for this revival of interest in the securities included in the "industrial" group. From all sides a steadily increasing activity in the leading lines is reported. The capacity of the mills is being tested, and prices are being well maintained. Goods are going into actual consumption, and still there is no slackening of the demand.

The tendency of the money market has been toward an easier condition, but the approach of the crop-moving season seems to make it doubtful if there will be any material decline in rates from the present level in the next few months. Foreign exchange, however, is showing marked weakness.

The Government report on the condition of crops, issued Thursday afternoon, created a diversion in favor of bulls in the wheat market. Prices previous to its publication had been inclined downward, but the present condition of spring wheat being interpreted to indicate a deficiency compared with last year of about 60,000,000 bushels, speculators took a different view of the situation, and in thirty minutes Friday afternoon the price of wheat recovered all it had lost in two weeks.

The Government estimates of the yield of winter and spring wheat make their combined shortage, compared with the official figures of the previous year, 175,000,000 bushels. There is no suggestion of low prices for wheat in these figures.

While comparatively high prices for wheat are almost a foregone conclusion, therefore, bearing in mind the failure of the crops in southeastern Europe, the size of this year's corn crop seems to point to a wholly different prospect for the price of that most important cereal. When the enormous aggregate of promised production, however, is taken into account, the sum it represents at even 20 cents a bushel is a splendid object lesson of the huge capacity of the American farmers for drawing wealth from the generous soil they cultivate. The estimated production of corn for the season, with present conditions maintained, will be harvested, as indicated by the Government report, is 2,150,000,000 bushels. At 20 cents a bushel that represents the vast sum of \$430,000,000.

## NEWS OF MINOR NOTE.

The village of Quichello, France, was destroyed by fire.

During July there were 672 deaths in Havana, against 2,083 in 1898.

Andrew Carnegie will establish a new library at Kelghley, Yorkshire.

Mrs. James Roosevelt was elected a school trustee of Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

Section men on the B. & O. in West Virginia want \$1.25 instead of \$1.15 a day.

Believed that Thomas Salisbury, found drowned at Mt. Vernon, Ohio, was murdered.

Mrs. Catharine Caza and 10-month-old child, Detroit, were burned by death by the explosion of kerosene.

Injunctions were served on the municipal officers of Toledo, Ohio, prohibiting them from taking a trip to Syracuse, N. Y., at the taxpayers' expense.

Kid Lavigne, now in New York, says that the kid who attempted to clean up the Battle Creek, Mich., police, is a convict. Lavigne never joined the army.

## STATE CAPITAL SPRINGFIELD

Illinois is to be represented on the campus of the new American University at Washington, D. C., with one of the finest educational buildings in the country. It will be the largest and most expensive of the university group, and has the choicest site on the grounds, at the



ILLINOIS BUILDING.

main entrance from Massachusetts avenue. Constructed entirely of white marble in the Grecian style of architecture, its classic outlines will form a classical retreat of the highest type. Across the front will be ten massive pillars of marble. Through the length of the building will be a high corridor supported by pillars of enormous size. Upon these pillars will be inscribed the names of all who contribute toward the erection of the building.

The work of restoring and repairing the Lincoln homestead, as provided for by an appropriation made at the last session of the General Assembly, is now complete, and the residence is now as stately and strong as ever, and has more nearly resumed the appearance and condition in which it was when occupied by the Lincoln family than at any time since they vacated it. Some of the doors and woodwork, which were of natural walnut, and which had been painted over by some of the later tenants, have been restored to their original color. The floors have been renewed, the walls strengthened, the outside of the building and fences painted in the color of the olden time, and the antiquated heating apparatus and plumbing replaced with more modern fixtures. The work was done under the direct supervision of Capt. F. W. Beck, chief janitor of the capitol building. The cost to the State was \$1,000, leaving a balance of \$300 of the amount appropriated unexpended.

The monuments erected to the memory of Illinois soldiers at Missionary ridge, Orchard knob and Lookout mountain and known as the Chattanooga monuments will be dedicated Nov. 23, the anniversary of the battle of Chattanooga. This was decided upon at a meeting of the Illinois commission of the Chickamauga and Chattanooga monuments held at the Leland hotel. The members of the commission present were Maj. E. A. Bledsoe, Chicago; Col. J. G. Everest, Chicago; Col. E. Swain, Stockdale; Gen. S. D. Atkins, Freeport; Maj. W. E. Carlin, Jerseyville; Col. H. E. Rivers, Paris; Maj. James A. Connolly, Springfield. Maj. James A. Connolly will deliver the address, turning the monuments over to Gov. Tanner. The dedicatory services will be held at Orchard knob. The commission will leave from Springfield at 11 o'clock. It is expected that Gov. Tanner and other State officers will accompany the commission.

Illinois leads all the States in the amount of internal revenue paid into the treasury of the United States. During the fiscal year ended June 30 it contributed \$47,850,523 to Uncle Sam's exchequer, overtopping New York by about \$700,000 and Pennsylvania by more than \$240,000,000. Collections made by Collector Corpe at Chicago amounted to \$14,748,410; those by Collector Daugherty at Peoria, \$21,922,005; Collector Yates at Springfield handed over \$9,598,215; and Collector Powell at East St. Louis \$1,089,898. Commissioner Wilson's report shows that the total collections for the year aggregated \$278,484,582, which is an increase of \$102,617,763 over last year.

An opinion has been handed out from the Attorney General's office holding that stocks and bonds of the Illinois Central Railroad held by individuals are liable to taxation. In another opinion the attorneys of the State held that a school board cannot issue orders on a school treasurer unless the funds are in his hands to pay the orders, but that warrants may be issued, payable out of the next tax levy, after such levy has been made, but that such warrants cannot bear interest.

Auditor of Public Accounts McQuillough has issued a certificate authorizing the New England Trust Company of Boston, Mass., to carry on a trust business in Illinois. The company's office will be located in Springfield.

Col. Arthur E. Fisher has decided to admit Company A at Strawn to the Third regiment, to take the place of the Joliet company.

## Brief State Happenings.

William Dunn, aged 80, is dead at Peoria.

Illinois Board of Health will inaugurate a crusade against "faith curists."

John Engle, 24 years old, was killed two miles west of Rochelle by a North-western train.

Mrs. Jacob White was killed by lightning at her home near Stannett. She was in bed with her two small children, who were rendered unconscious by the bolt, but will recover.

While Mrs. Hunter of Dunfermline was endeavoring to build a fire with the use of kerosene the oil exploded and ignited her clothing. Her body was burned almost to a crisp.

Patrick Drury, a well-known Springfield citizen, while superintending some repairs on a house, took hold of a wire which happened to be across a trolley wire and was instantly killed.

The Young People's Christian Union has elected the following officers: President, Schuyler W. Livingston of Chicago; secretary, Miss Daisy Stinson of Chicago; press secretary, Hugh B. Mott of Monmouth.

Not an Automobile.  
 "Sister Kitty, what is a valise?"  
 "It's a thing that won't go when being hitched to a quadruped."







# Grayslake Department.

AMY M. WHITE, Local Editor.

## A DEEP CUT IN PRICES

Flour, Best Flour, per barrel	\$3.95
Washburn's Best Flour, per barrel	3.85
Javness Coffee, per pound	.08
Men's Heavy Overalls	.35
Men's Crash Hats and Caps	.09

### MILLINERY

All Millinery Goods, including Trimmed Hats, Sailors, Flowers and Shapes at Just HALF PRICE.

### ONE THIRD OFF

We offer 33 1/3 per cent. discount on all Lawns, Dimities and other Summer Dress Goods.

We offer 50c. Shirt Waists at 25c. each

F. D. BATTERSHALL, Grayslake, Ill.

### GRAYSLAKE MAIL SERVICE.

ARRIVAL	DEPARTURE
7:45 A. M.	7:45 A. M.
10:15 A. M.	10:15 A. M.
1:40 P. M.	1:40 P. M.
4:50 P. M.	4:50 P. M.

Stations going to Hainesville, Fort Hill and Volo arrive 9:30 A. M., leave 10:30 A. M.

ANNIE WITTMORE, P. M.

### Village Officers.

President, E. B. Sherman	Dr. E. F. DeVoe
Trustees, O. C. Richardson	Dr. E. F. DeVoe
Trustees, F. C. Wilbur	Dr. E. F. DeVoe
Trustees, C. D. Haver	Dr. E. F. DeVoe
Clerk, C. D. Haver	Dr. E. F. DeVoe
Treasurer, C. D. Haver	Dr. E. F. DeVoe
Police Magistrate, C. D. Haver	Dr. E. F. DeVoe
Marshal, C. D. Haver	Dr. E. F. DeVoe

### Secret Societies.

RISEBURN Lodge No. 115 A. F. & A. M. held regular communications Monday evening on or before full moon. L. A. Fenlon, W. M. J. J. Longenecker, Sec'y.

SOROBIS Chapter No. 829 Order Eastern Star met first and third Tuesday evening. Mrs. Carrie Hiley, W. M. Miss Jennie Tomblin, Sec.

GRAYSLAKE Camp No. 1941 M. W. A. met second and fourth Saturday evening of each month. J. Murtie, V. C. John Christian, Clerk.

COURT OF HONOR No. 104 meeting last and 3rd Saturdays of each month. E. L. Rose, W. O. Mrs. V. Burge, Rec.

MEYER Camp No. 286 B. N. A. met second and fourth Tuesday evening each month. Mrs. V. Burge, Gracie, Mrs. Mary G. Morris, Sec.

CONGREGATIONAL Church Sunday services 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening. Y. P. S. C. E. meet Sunday evening at 6:45 p. m. Junior meet Monday 8 P. M. Sabbath School 11:30 A. M. Rev. Fred Hagen, Pastor.

W. C. T. U. meetings every alternate Friday from 3 to 4 P. M. Mrs. E. Adams, Pres. Mrs. Florence Lusk, Sec.

ROCKFELLER Lodge No. 8154 O. O. F. meetings 2nd and 4th Thursdays. W. Doolittle, N. G. J. McMillen, Sec'y.

GRAYSLAKE Lodge No. W. W. No. 182 meetings 2nd and 4th Weds. E. Moore, W. M. Miss Maude Jeffers, Sec'y.

### Grayslake Local.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Burge, of Libertyville, visited in town Tuesday.

Rev. John C. Dazey will preach in the Grayslake church next Sunday.

V. F. Timme and family, of Oak Park, spent last week at J. F. Washburn's.

The Kapple, Fredericks and Pickering families spent last Sunday at Lake Bluff.

Ground was broken Monday for Mr. Acker's new house on Westfield place.

The many friends of Miss Alma Hemde will be pleased to learn that she has obtained a good position in the city.

On last Sunday Superior Carfield took Jerry Smith to the county hospital at Waukegan for treatment. Mr. Smith has been in very poor health for some time and lately became worse.

Two young men were running horses on our streets Tuesday night and were "pulled." It cost the boys \$10.25. This is a good lesson and some others had better take advantage of it.

Dr. Charles Gaines and family, who have been visiting at Dr. Shaffer's, returned to their home in Ohio last week. They were accompanied by Marquis Shaffer who will make them and other relatives a visit.

Miss Elsie Gilbert, eldest daughter of Melvin Gilbert of Gages Lake, and Clinton Washburn, of Hainesville, were married Wednesday of this week. Mr. and Mrs. Washburn are young people of whom any community might well be proud, and having lived here from childhood a host of friends unite in wishing them many years of happiness. The ceremony was performed at the M. E. parsonage in Waukegan.

The first annual picnic of Ivanhoe Lodge No. 101, Mystic Workers of the World, was held in Snaser's grove on Tuesday. On account of it being a very busy time with the farmers the crowd was not as large as at some picnics that have been held here. Able addresses were made by C. T. Haydecker, A. K. Stone and James M. Goodall. B. M. Spafford of Antioch

gave several fine solos. The Grayslake brass band furnished the music and did credit to themselves. A large platform had been erected and dancing was the chief amusement. A game of ball was played between the Gurnee team and a picked up nine which resulted in a score of 9 to 2 in favor of Gurnee.

### PARIS, WIS.

Miss Rogers has returned home.

Miss Hedde is attending summer school at Wilmot.

Miss Reid entertained a cousin from Milwaukee over Sunday.

Mr. Rogers and family are camping on the Plank Road.

Several Parisites attended Rev. Mack's lecture at Wilmot last Sunday.

A large number from Paris attended the Woodmen picnic at Union Grove last week.

During one of the severe electrical storms of last week a cow belonging to Julius Remus was killed by lightning.

### SOUTH BRISTOL.

T. Haddican made a trip to Burlington Friday.

James Quinlan, of Chicago, called on friends here Friday.

J. Crow, of Chicago, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. T. O'Brien this week.

Laura Moran returned from a week's visit in Wilmot Sunday morning.

Thomas Gaggin, of Antioch, transacted business in this section Wednesday of last week.

A small son of Mr. and Mrs. T. McGreal who has been dangerously ill, is reported somewhat better. Dr. Karr is attending him.

Mrs. T. Brogan and daughter Maude and Mable, of Antioch, attended services at St. Mary's church Sunday morning, visiting South Bristol friends the remainder of the day.

The work of putting the parsonage and grounds in proper condition for the pastor is progressing rapidly. James Kaye done the mason work and John Sibley, with an assistant, the carpenter work.

### WILMOT.

Mr. Tully and family Sundayed at Mr. Eppings.

Nellie and Gracie Carey spent Saturday with their cousins at Ringwood.

Messrs Blanchard and Bolton, of Salem, were seen on our streets Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Schlar attended the picnic at Brighton, Tuesday.

Miss Rose Turlock, of Salem, called on Wilmot friends one day last week.

Mrs. Wood, of the Cook County Normal, visited the summer school here Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Hegeman and son Elmer spent Sunday with Mr. Hegeman's mother.

Miss Mabel Lampe has been entertaining her cousin Laura Moran of Bristol for the past week.

The Woodmen and wives of here were well represented at the Woodmen picnic held at Union Grove, Thursday.

Mr. George Wells, who has been spending some time rustication in our little village, returned to her home in Chicago.

Mr. Martin Boyle, of Woodworth, accompanied by nieces Misses O'Shea and McKellop, called on Wilmot friends Saturday.

### Lake Villa Department.

L. W. Rowling was a Chicago visitor Monday.

Belle Allen and brother Wisconsin spent Sunday at J. G. Rowling's.

Will Fisher and Frank Hamlin went to Ft. Sheridan Sunday on their wheels.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hamlin spent Sunday at Englewood with Mrs. Hamlin's parents.

Frank Sherwood came home from Valparaiso last Friday for a two week's vacation.

Mabel Richards, who has been camping near Madison and also visiting relatives and friends at other places, returned home Saturday.

The furniture for the other department of our school has arrived. The school board have also purchased new globes, maps, etc.

R. A. Douglas spent last week in Wisconsin soliciting orders for oil. He spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. F. L. Boutwell, at Hancock, Wis., returning home Monday evening.

A broken dangle on the wheels of the gravel train caused a wreck near the Welch farm on Friday last, about noon. Six cars of gravel were dinged and the track torn up. The wrecking train and crew arrived about four o'clock and had the track cleared so that trains were running as usual by seven o'clock.

Thomas Jones died at his home on the south side on Saturday, Aug. 12th, 1899. The funeral was held at the M. E. church on Monday, at 1 o'clock. Rev. E. J. Aiken officiating. Mr. Jones was born in the Isle of Man, and at the time of his death was 88 years of age. He came to this country and settled in Pennsylvania when he was 15 years of age, and at one time owned a good farm in that state. Twelve years ago he came to Illinois and has lived in Lake Villa for the past six years. He leaves a wife and three sons, Albert, Eben and Frank Jones.

### VOLO, ILL.

Mrs. A. J. Raymond entertained relatives from Chicago last week.

Gusie Townsend started last Tuesday for Iowa on a visit to his sister.

Miss Mary Raymond is entertaining two lady friends from Elgin this week.

Mrs. Grace Kirwin and Anna Compton visited friends in Waukegan last week.

Mrs. Baldwin and daughter Elsie, of Chicago, are visiting at C. G. Huson's this week.

Many from this section attended the Mystic Workers picnic in Snaser's grove on Tuesday of this week.

Mrs. C. G. Huson visited in Waukegan last week. Miss Rosa and Leo Huson spent a number of days in town last week.

A number from Volo visited the lotus bed at Fox Lake last Saturday and brought home many of the beautiful and rare flowers.

Cool, pleasant weather this week. Most of the farmers in this section are through haying and harvesting, some are threshing their grain from the field.

Rev. Mr. Eaton, of Wauconda, preached a very interesting and impressive sermon last Sunday in the Volo church from the parable of the Prodigal Son.

Remember the Sunday school convention in the Volo church next Sunday, commencing at 10:30 a. m. Come and spend the day and have a picnic dinner. Afternoon session at two o'clock.

### BRISTOL, WIS.

C. B. Gaines spent Friday in Chicago.

Mrs. James Bryant spent Friday in Kenosha.

Mrs. F. E. Stevens spent Thursday last week in Chicago.

Mrs. J. Wilson, of Oshkosh, is visiting friends in these parts.

Harvey Gaines was a Kenosha visitor on Monday of this week.

Miss Lottie Walther, of Chicago, is the guest of Mrs. J. Seebald.

Miss Lydia Dixon entertained a number of her friends on Monday afternoon of this week.

Miss Edna Howes entertained a friend from Milwaukee a few days of the past week.

Mr. C. A. Williams lost a couple of head of cattle by lightning during the storm of Friday.

Miss Nellie Raught, of Waukegan, spent a few days of last week with Miss Brosia Williams.

Mrs. Bliss, of Minneapolis, Minn., was the guest of Mrs. Florence Kingman a few days of the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Worth spent Sunday with her parents in Wheatland.

Miss Sarah Evans, of Hebron, Wis., has been visiting her sister, Miss Polly Evans during the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Hollister are rejoicing over the birth of a son on Sunday morning of this week.

Mrs. O. Raught, of Waukegan, was the guest of Mrs. C. E. Williams on Saturday and Sunday last.

Miss Brosia Williams is visiting Miss Nellie Raught of Waukegan, where she expects to spend about a week.

Misses Grace, Minnie and Lura Buck spent Saturday with Misses Jennie and Josie Loescher of Salem.

Miss Carrie Murdock and her cousin, Miss Nettie Murdock, are spending a week with relatives near Union Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. John Shottliff, Mrs. Frank Lavey and Mrs. Margaret Kingman spent Sunday with Mrs. Griffin of Benton.

Miss Jessie Trafford has been on the sick list during the past week but is thought to be on the gain now.

Mrs. R. Shottliff is visiting her sister, Mrs. Griffin of Benton. Mrs. Griffin is very ill and her recovery is doubtful.

Mrs. Fred Van Vio and daughter, Emma, of Lincoln, Neb., are visiting friends and relatives here and at Salem.

Miss Mary Newell, of Russell, Wis., has been visiting Miss Emma Castle and other friends in this vicinity during the past week.

Master Roy Murdock gave a party to a number of his friends on Monday afternoon of this week in honor of his eighth birthday.

Mrs. E. Pike and daughter Hazel returned on Wednesday of last week from a month's visit with her mother and sister at Superior, Wis.

Miss Minnie Buck returned to her home in Sheboygan on Thursday of last week, after spending about a month with friends and relatives here.

About twenty of the young people of this vicinity spent a very pleasant afternoon and evening with Miss Brosia Williams on Tuesday of last week.

Misses Lela Rowbottom, Alice Stevens and Jennie Stevens spent a couple of days of the past week with Misses Jennie and Josie Loescher of Salem.

Miss E. Cotting started on Tuesday of this week for Red Cloud, Neb., where she will spend a month or six weeks with her brother, Charlie Cotting and family.

Miss Alice Stevens gave a party to a large company of friends on Wednesday afternoon of last week. One and all report a very delightful time.

J. A. Rowbottom has moved his goods into Mr. Hunt's old store. His customers will probably find them there for some time as he is going to enlarge his store.

Miss Gracie Ellis left our village on Thursday last for a few weeks' visit with friends and relatives in Vermont and Canada. Her aunt, Mrs. Hattie Potter of Chicago, accompanied her. Their many friends wish them a very pleasant trip.

The baseball game between the Wilmot and Bristol boys was held just north of the village last Saturday afternoon with a large attendance. It was quite an exciting game, but Bristol came out one ahead. Bristol is all right.

C. B. Gaines has been kept quite busy the past week. He has unloaded one car each of lumber, feed, salt and red cedar shingles. Those who have been waiting for some of the above commodities will be glad to hear that they have arrived.

The W. C. T. U. held a very pleasant meeting in Gaines' grove on Tuesday afternoon of last week. The program consisted of short but very practical and interesting talks by Rev. J. E. Garrett of Bristol and Rev. Rogers of the Plankroad Congregational church, music and readings by different members of the society. Refreshments were served at the close of the program.

### SUNDAY.

Prayer Meeting	7:30 p. m.
Preaching	10:30 a. m.
Sunday School	11:45 a. m.
Junior League	3:30 p. m.
Epworth League	6:45 p. m.
Preaching	7:45 p. m.

### THURSDAY.

Prayer Meeting	7:30 p. m.
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### SPRING GROVE

Henry Sweet, of Irene, is visiting friends here.

Frank Orvis was up from Elgin Wednesday and Thursday.

Mollie Turner is visiting her sister, Mrs. Ed. Gannon in Chicago.

Mrs. Heaney spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Moss at Dunn's Lake.

Mamie and Anabel Smith are down from Lake Geneva visiting friends.

Rodney Wilderman was over from Waukegan attending to business lately.

Dick Oxtoby has purchased the old Wray house and lot of Mrs. John Graine.

James Oxtoby has purchased the Oxtoby farm and will move on it next year.

Teachers from this locality are attending the institute at Woodstock this week.

Miss Edna Moss, of Belvidere, is spending the season at her uncle W. O. Moss's.

The next meeting of the English Prairie Cemetery Society will be at Mrs. Mary Fulbrick's.

Mrs. Martha Campbell and two children are back from Sheldon, Iowa. Mr. Campbell will return later.

Many of our Woodmen expect to attend the initiation exercises at Crystal Lake tonight, Wednesday evening.

Charles Bennett took a much needed vacation from his duties as overseer of Fred Hatch's farm, and spent last week at Belvidere with his parents.

Willard Colby has been drawn as grand juror, and Warren C. Moss as petit juror from Burton township to serve on the September term of court at Woodstock.

Wm. Watts received \$700 from the railroad company for right of way, Wm. Hoffman \$300 and Peter Wagner \$75. We have not heard of any other land that has been purchased on this side of the river. Much of the lumber for the bridge at Nipewin point is already hauled.

We were pained to hear of the death of Stephen Bennett, once a prominent lawyer of Chicago. Deceased was the only brother of the late Mrs. Fred Hatch and was injured at the time she was. He has suffered much, having been in the Northern Insane Asylum at Elgin for the past year as the result of the terrible injuries received. He leaves a father, Squire Reynolds of Belvidere, two sisters, Mrs. Chas. Bennett and Mrs. Nettie Sherman, his wife and one son to mourn his loss, besides a host of other relatives and friends.

The September number of the Delinquent is called the early Autumn number, and combines an essentially authoritative synopsis of fashion's latest and most artistic creations, a number of literary features of singular strength and beauty and a variety of original discussions on pertinent social and household themes. In this number appears a delightful story "A Woman's Reason," by Ellen Olney Kirk—a sprightly romance demonstrating incidentally how satisfactorily affluence may be readjusted. The New Kindergarten Papers, by Sara Miller Kirby, are taken up again in this issue—the topic for the month being Home Work and Play for September. The article Floral Pillows, by Katherine E. Maxwell, suggests many pleasing possibilities in the construction of serviceable souvenirs. Local and educational features of the various institutions for women are discussed in College News, by Carolyn Halstead. The History and Development of Club Houses for Women are summarized by Helen M. Winslow, in Club Women and Club Life. Congeniality and good humor pervade the timely hints in Girls' Interest and Occupations, by Lafayette

McLaws. Of special home interest are the domestic subjects. Some New Oakes, by Sharlot M. Hall; Parfaits by A. S. The Artistic Home, by Edna S. Witherspoon. In addition are the regular departments Social Observances, by Mrs. Frank Learned, Fancy Stitches and Embroideries, by Emma Haywood, the milliner, the dressmaker, lace making, crocheting, knitting, the Sew book, a treasure, in fact, of entertaining and improving household information.

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### Extract from Bill of Fare:

DINNER.	BREAKFAST AND SUPPER.
Baked Whitefish. 15	Small Steak. 15
Boiled Trout. 15	Veal Cutlet. 15
15 Veal Pot Pie. 15	Mutton Chops. 15
15 Pork and Beans 15	Liver and Bacon. 15
15 Fried Potatoes. 15	15 Salt Pork. 15
15 Roast Mutton. 15	15 Breakfast Bacon. 15
15 Roast Veal. 15	15 Fried Sausage. 15
15 Boiled Ham. 15	15 Fried Trout. 15
15 Soup. 5	15 Whitefish. 15
15 Beef Tongue. 15	15 Salt Mackerel. 15
15 Pudding. 5	15 Fried Eggs. 15
15 Roast Beef. 15	15 Scrambled Eggs. 15

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# THE PATRIOT

CHAPTER IV.

For a little time Marian Eastcourt stood with her hand clasping Robert's arm, clutching him, and hearing heavy breathing and the pressed upon her bosom, over the region of the heart. The youth saw that she was weak and faint, and he supported her tenderly.

"Dear lady, what can I do for you? This is Mr. Krupp's dwelling. Shall I conduct you to it?"

"But, dear madam—dear mother—"

"Hush! I shall be strong in a moment. We will stand here. Let me lean upon your arm, Robert. There—so. My breath is coming. I have hurried out to speak with you. I might have waited, but I know that from this time I am to be watched very narrowly. While you were closeted with my husband in the reception room I made a discovery, or my maid made it for me, and communicated it to Mr. Eastcourt. He has two new servants in the house, one of whom received you this evening; and these servants are of his own hand, and have been posted in the house that all that transpires may be reported to the master. Every word we spoke in the parlor this night he will know. Now I want you to tell me what my husband said to you in that ante-room. Give me his words as nearly as you can."

After a little reflection the young man went on and gave an account of the interview, reproducing the conversation almost word for word.

"And you believed he was sincere?" said the woman, who had not interrupted him while he was speaking. "And you thanked him?"

"I expressed my gratitude. I could not do otherwise. As for his sincerity, I hardly knew what to think. I was amazed. And well you might have been. And he asked you to promise that the friendship between you should not be severed?"

"Yes," he asked me that, but I did not promise in that way. I promised that the severing of our friendship should not be the work of my hand."

"You were safe in that, Robert, for be sure there can be no friendship between you two. Jacob Eastcourt is a traitor at heart, and he only seeks to betray you. Hush! I know whereof I speak, and for the sake of those whom I dearly love I have resolved to speak plainly to you of me as the twin apples of my eye—the children of my mother's love. Do not interrupt me, but listen. I must not tarry long, for my absence must not be discovered."

lordships and carriages. He knows that Lillian is very beautiful, and no doubt he hopes through her to win relationship to a wealthy and influential member of the British nobility. There are plenty of noble lords and knights in the English army."

"Dear lady," cried Robert, trembling from head to foot, "you frighten me, and yet I cannot doubt you. In fact, when I reflect, I see how true it all may be. But, if Jacob Eastcourt dares to attempt my betrayal, or the betrayal of his daughter, he must look to himself!"

"Robert," said the matron, still holding him by the arm. "I have come out here to-night to put you on your guard. Will you be watchful of every movement of my husband?"

"Yes—I promise!"

"And will you be also watchful of Lillian's welfare?"

"My soul! Can you ask it?"

"Will you, if need should come, snatch her from the grasp of Jacob Eastcourt?"

"With her consent, yes."

"My son, I see dark days coming. It may be that the loosening of the bonds of this earthly life given me clearer perceptions of the future. I see the British army in possession of Philadelphia. I see a dissolute and debauched soldiery running riot in this fair town. I see the British officers, separated by a broad ocean from all the endearing ties and restraining influences of home, given up to the grossest revelry; and to be sure those officers, wearing glittering titles and empty honors, will be admitted to the homes of a betrayed people. O Robert, it will be dreadful! When that hour comes, will you, at the risk of your life, if necessary, be watchful of Lillian? In all the wide world she may have not one but you to truly love and honor her."

"Woman! My mother! exclaimed the youth, seizing her hand, "what new thing have you discovered? What dread secret has been revealed to you?"

"Only that which I calmly and understandingly see, my son. Will you promise what I have asked?"

"Yes! Upon my honor I promise. All that an honorable man may do I will do for Lillian. My life, if need be, shall be devoted to her service."

"Bless you, Robert! And now beware of Jacob Eastcourt. He is your enemy, though he will, for a time, profess to be your friend. Let him not know that you suspect him. In this way you will gain admittance to our house. But remember that in that house spies will be constantly on the watch henceforth. I shall inform Lillian, so that she, also, may be on her guard. Enough for now. I can say no more. God knows I have spoken to you the truth. You will not forget what I have said. You will be watchful, and I know you will be true."

"I will be watchful; and I will be true." He had become calm and reflective, and was now able to comprehend the full meaning of the woman's mission. She had given him sufficient warning, and it was for him to be watchful, and to decide upon emergencies as they should arise. Though the revelation of Marian Eastcourt had greatly shocked him, and rudely demolished his last hope in the ultimate manhood of the father of his beloved, yet he could not doubt it. In fact, when he came to reflect, he remembered that the character given to the man by his wife was the same as he had heard his own father set forth.

Robert gave Mrs. Eastcourt his arm, and having assisted her as far on her way as was thought prudent, he blessed her and bade her good-night. It would be useless to attempt to follow his thoughts as he afterwards wended his way slowly homeward, for of all his thoughts not one was clearly followed to a possible legitimate result.

It was near midnight when he reached his home, and as he found his father sleeping, he retired at once to his chamber, where he was soon to be, dreaming of things more strange than could have been conceived in his waking fancies.

On the following morning he found his father still asleep, breathing a little heavily, but regularly. After breakfast he told Patience that he was going out to be gone an hour.

"If my father inquires for me," he said, "tell him I have gone to the State House to meet my company, and if the doctor comes while I am gone, beg him to remain until I return."

With this he went out. At the entrance to the State House he met two men, in respect to whom he removed his hat. They were Richard Henry Lee of Virginia and John Adams of Massachusetts.

"Captain Seaton," said the Virginian, smiling and extending his hand, "I have good news for you. You have heard of my young cousin Henry?"

"Heard of him?" repeated Robert, shaking with pride and pleasure in the grateful remembrance. "We were classmates at Princeton."

"Yes, I remember. Well, my friend, Patrick Henry, has anticipated me, and nominated him to Congress as a captain of cavalry; so I did the next best thing left for me to do, and nominated you."

"As a captain of infantry?"

"No, my boy—at captain of cavalry. A few of your father's old friends, out of love for him, and feeling assured that his son would do honor to the position, have clubbed together, and bought and equipped a hundred and ten of the very best horses they could find. Your commission was made out last night, and the horses will be turned over to you as soon as your men can be gathered and mustered. What do you say to that?"

Robert Seaton caught the noble Virginian's hand in both his own, but it was some moments before he could speak. Finally, his eyes beaming tearfully through the gathering tears, he said:

"Let my deeds rather than my words show my gratitude. I will be true to the trust thus reposed in me, and while life is mine I will keep the faith of the grand Declaration which my country has just given to the world."

"God bless you, young man!" said John Adams, laying his hand upon Robert's shoulder. "I know your father well, and

judge you to be a worthy son of such a father. We have a great work to do. And to me, your life is devoted," responded the youth, proudly, but modestly.

"Right," said Lee. "And now you may go and inform your men what is in store for them. They should be proud of the distinction thus given them."

Half an hour later Robert met eighty of his men in the enclosure on the Walnut street side of the State House, and when he had informed them that horses and equipments were to be furnished them, and that they were to be mustered in as a company of cavalry, their joy was beyond bounds. They gathered around their youthful leader with shouts of gladness, and swore that they would be true and faithful. They cheered for Richard Henry Lee; they cheered for the men who had put forth their money for the horses; they cheered for Gen. Seaton; they cheered for their young commander, and then Robert joined them, and led in vociferous and heart-sent cheers for the Declaration of Independence.

When our hero turned his steps homeward he seemed to walk on air, but the severest trial, thus far of his life, was in store for him. As he approached the house he met a neighbor who had been sent in quest of him. His father was dying!

How he reached his home he knew not. In the hall he was met by Patience, who called to him to go upstairs, informing him that the doctor had not yet given up hope.

"But," she added, "you must be careful. The doctor bade me warn you against exciting your father."

"AB, Robert, my boy—thank God you have come!" So spoke Gen. Seaton, as his son appeared, and at sight of the youthful, handsome face, his spirits and his strength seemed to revive.

"The old general lay upon his bed, with his head propped upon high pillows, and the extreme pallor of his face, and the enlargement of the dark disks under the eyes, showed that he had been suffering. The young man sat down by the bedside, and took his father's hand.

"I would not have gone out this morning, my father, but I had an engagement which was absolute. Shall I tell you?"

"Yes, my boy—tell me all."

"Robert," an inquiring glance at the doctor, who said to him:

"Speak freely what your father would like to hear. He knows his condition. We only wish to avoid any sudden emotion which may induce a spasm."

"Tell me what you have done, my boy," urged the general. "I see the proud light in your eyes."

"My father, I am proud. I have met Richard Henry Lee and John Adams—"

"God bless them!"

"—and at the nomination of Lee I have been appointed to the command of a company of cavalry, and the necessary horses and equipments have been furnished by a few wealthy men out of love and respect for my noble father."

"Robert," my father said to me, "I am proud. I have met Richard Henry Lee and John Adams—"

"The brave old soldier could not speak, but he sat up, and he and under his hand. He saw the galaxy of giant men assembled around the bed, and he heard their words of blessing. A light supernatural illumined his face; his hands were clasped, with a last effort, and raised heavenward—and so the spirit left the worn and shattered tenement of earth.

(To be continued.)

Copyright.

Dawson "People."

Life and property are considered safe even in the most doubtful establishments, and it is not uncommon for a man to pass hours in a crowded dance hall with virtually all his possessions, possibly a few hundred dollars, or it may be thousands, carried in the form of gold dust in his trousers pocket. Two main factors are involved in this condition of security or in the feeling that it exists. The first of these, perhaps, a wholesome dread of the Canadian mounted police, whose efficiency in the direction of controlling order is conceded by every one; and the second, the circumstance, that the inhabitants of Dawson and of the adjoining Klondike region, are not, as is so largely supposed, a mere assortment of rough prospectors, intent upon doing anything for the sake of acquiring gold, but a fair representation of good and indifferent elements borrowed from all professions and stations of life, and not from one country alone, but from nearly all parts of the civilized globe. During my brief stay I stumbled upon "counts," "sirs," military and naval officers, scientists, lawyers, newspaper men, promoters, and others of broad mind and liberal standing; and it some of these were undistinguishable in external garb from their brethren in mustard-colored mackinaws whose sole resource was digging for gold, their polished and intellectual method was evidence enough that civilization was present in good quantity along the upper Yukon.—Popular Science Monthly.

Poor Return for Contests.

The London Daily News says that the Russian man-of-war Gorizky (Edinburgskij), whose officers and men were recently the recipients of Swedish courtesy at Karlskrona, recaptured by secretly taking soundings under cover of darkness until they were discovered by the Governor of the fortress. Karlskrona is the chief naval station of Sweden; its approaches are well fortified by modern naval defenses and it has also a ship channel which is difficult of navigation.

Stole a Fortune in Diamonds.

A hole in his right heel enabled a negro workman in the diamond fields of South Africa to steal and conceal goods to the value of \$274,000. These he expressed in small parcels of fruits to a cousin in King William Town, in the extreme south of Africa, from which place both recently departed for England.

We hope that when we die some kind friend will head off the officiating clergyman when he approaches the family to ask in a subdued voice, "At what age was he converted?"

A homely man in ways consoles himself with the belief that he is smart.

Some interesting facts illustrative of the marvelous revival of industrial activity which followed so directly upon the election of President McKinley and the enactment of the Dingley tariff are set forth in a statement issued by the Treasury Bureau of Statistics. It is especially significant of prosperous times among manufacturers that articles required in manufacturing and food stuffs produced in the United States form the largest items of the increase in imports shown by the fiscal year just ended. The statement covers all articles of domestic origin in which the importation increased or decreased as much as \$1,000,000 during the year, and shows an increase in imports in nearly all articles of foreign production required by our manufacturers. Unmanufactured fibers, raw silk, crude rubber, bar and block tin, hides and skins, undressed furs, cabinet and other woods, unmanufactured tobacco and chemicals for use in manufacturing, all show a heavy increase, wool being the only important item of material for the factory which shows a reduction in imports.

In the ten great classes of material imported for use of the manufacturers—fibers, silk, rubber, hides, furs, tin, copper, tobacco, wood and chemicals—the increase amounts to about \$30,000,000, though the reduction of several million dollars in wool brings the net increase in manufacturers' materials to something less than that figure. In food stuffs the principal increase is in sugar, tropical fruits and cocoa, the increase in these being about \$30,000,000. The very heavy imports of sugar just prior to the enactment of the tariff law of 1897 made the sugar imports of 1898 extremely light, so that those of 1899 show an increase of 50 per cent. in quantity over those of 1898, but many million pounds less than those of 1897.

Among manufactured goods the finer grades of cotton, silk and fibers show the largest increase, though matting, china ware, dressed furs and spirits are slightly in excess of last year. Diamonds and jewelry show the largest increase among the articles classed as luxuries, though this is believed to be due in part at least to a reduction in duties under the act of 1897, which was made in the belief that it would reduce smuggling and thus bring within the operations of the customs law many million dollars' worth of this class of goods which had formerly escaped taxation. In manufactured goods there has been a decrease in imports in a number of important articles which come in competition with American manufactures, especially in woolen goods and tin plate. Coffee also shows a decrease of about \$10,000,000 in value of imports, largely due, however, to the decrease in price rather than in quantity, the average price per pound in 1899 being more than 10 per cent. below that of 1898, while there is also a slight reduction in quantities imported, owing to the very heavy imports of last year.

The following table includes the articles or classes of articles in which the imports of the year show an increase or decrease of as much as \$1,000,000, and compares the imports of the year with those of the two preceding fiscal years:

	1897.	1898.	1899.
Chemicals	\$44,048,722,411	47,078,842,068	781,781
Clothes	9,977,297	9,837,890	7,592,093
Cocoa	9,997,889	9,715,629	8,960,110
Coffee	51,844,359	55,007,581	55,274,048
Copper in bars, etc.	900,824	3,077,833	5,904,839
Cotton manufactures	34,429,803	27,207,800	32,053,811
Fibers, unmanufactured	12,350,418	15,440,180	20,200,727
Fibers, manufactures	32,540,807	21,800,704	25,122,403
Fruits and nuts	17,126,032	14,504,050	18,317,201
Furs, undressed	2,938,070	3,822,003	5,645,580
Furs, and manufactures	8,070,125	4,048,569	5,211,010
Glasses and optics	27,963,026	37,008,032	41,068,045
Hides and skins	2,456,293	1,770,055	3,112,885
India rubber and gutta percha	17,558,103	25,545,301	31,870,842
Jewelry and precious stones	3,552,567	10,388,880	17,049,448
Matting	3,022,003	1,487,171	2,851,106
Silk, unmanufactured	15,018,283	22,110,000	32,470,027
Silk, manufactures	28,109,067	23,623,026	25,105,482
Spirits	9,890,114	12,124,794	9,144,010
Sugar	90,000,181	60,472,740	91,064,120
Tin in bars, pigs, etc.	6,853,832	8,770,151	11,848,857
Tin plate	5,244,033	3,800,148	2,618,008
Tobacco, leaf	9,584,155	7,488,003	9,000,038
Wool, raw	33,243,101	10,783,002	8,822,807
Wool, manufactures	40,102,092	14,823,771	18,831,067

The following table shows the total imports of each fiscal year during the decade:

	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.
Total	\$780,310,409	\$44,018,106	\$27,492,423	\$38,400,022	\$34,094,622	\$31,000,005	\$70,734,014	\$74,730,412	\$16,040,054	\$07,110,854

Democracy and Trusts.

In 1894 the Democratic majority in both houses of Congress paralyzed the section against trusts passed by the Republican majority in the preceding Congress. The Wilson law prescribes no penalty against trusts except firms or corporations who are importers of foreign goods. Importers are not organized in trusts and never have been. Consequently the Wilson law touches none of the

trusts, it opened the door wide to all that now exist. The last Senate was not republican and would not permit the restoration of the anti-trust clause of the McKinley law. The Republican record against trusts is perfectly clear. A law in 1890 nullified the platform pledge of 1888. Then the Democrats came into power and misgovernment and anarchy came with them. In their chaotic chapter of disasters was the calling of the anti-trust law. They worked havoc in that direction as in every other. Yet they are now making a record for covering the trusts as if the public were entirely new and their party acting upon it for the first time.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Two Inevitable Results.

Not one-half of the articles handled by the trusts are protected by tariff. No tariff is the capitalization of the trusts. The real object is to destroy the competition of articles which are produced at home. Have you ever known a man in forming these consolidations the real object was an economy of organization and a monopoly of the local production. These being the prime object, the tariff affects them neither in one way nor the other, except as they may exclude a foreign competition. If we throw open the doors to foreign competition it would necessitate even greater economy in organization to enable home producers to compete profitably. There would be no sure way to put the entire production of the country into the hands of consolidations than by striking down all our tariff duties. There would be an absolute necessity for trusts, large or else we should have to give our markets over to the Europeans and go out of business, for we could not continue to produce in any but the most economical way against unrestricted foreign competition. It is safe, then, to say that if all our tariff laws should be repealed to-morrow there would be just two effects—one the degradation of American labor, and the other a complete absorption of our industries by giant corporations.—Kansas City (Kan.) Journal.

What Would Happen.

The London Economist has given a tabulated list of 187 healthy, robust trusts now existing in free trade England. Of these 182 are more than five years old. In the latter class are 10 iron and steel combinations, 17 textile fabric trusts, 4 paper combines and 12 railway rolling stock combinations. According to the stock quotations and reported dividends none of these big concerns are at all languid or spindly notwithstanding the absence of a tariff mother to furnish nourishment during the period of infancy. All these little items of information in regard to the extent of the trust system abroad naturally suggest an inquiry as to what would happen if we complied with the Democratic entreaty to "take off the tariff and bust the trust." Well, for one thing, we would be sure to furnish a mighty promising field of operations for the trusts of England, Germany and the other European nations which are not engaged in the busting process.—St. Louis (Mo.) Journal.

Industrial Rather than Political.

Trusts, as such, have no connection with party politics, and the movement which is establishing them in such numbers was as plainly in evidence under Cleveland as it has been under McKinley. The factors which the Democratic Senate showered on the sugar trust in framing the Wilson tariff have not yet been forgotten. Trusts flourish in Democratic as well as in Republican States. Both parties have been equally outspoken in denouncing these combinations in their platforms. In their coming national conventions, both will undoubtedly repeat their condemnation of monopoly.

The trust problem is industrial rather than political, and it should be dealt with on the broad grounds of economic justice. It is difficult and complicated enough to demand the best efforts of honest public men of all parties for its solution.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Fettled for a Generation.

It will be a long time before the protective policy of this country will again be disturbed. This generation will have passed away and a generation launched upon the scene that has no recollection of the distress caused by the tariff tinkering of 1893-1896. Radical changes may take place in other departments of our economic government, but the tariff question is settled for this generation, at least.—Bradshaw (Neb.) Republican.

Then and Now.

During the last Democratic administration the papers were filled with reports of factories closed, wages reduced and an ever-increasing army of unemployed. Now they are filled with reports of new enterprises, voluntary advances of wages and constantly improving relations between employers and employees.—Indianapolis (Ind.) Journal.

Money Is Plenty.

Dick—Hello, John, what are you buying now?  
John—A gold watch.  
Dick—You must be flush with money.  
John—Yes, I've just had another raise in wages.







## BANK OF ANTIOCH

EDWARD HANCOCK  
BANKER  
Buy and Sell Exchange, and do a General  
Banking Business.

## WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

**TIME CARD—Antioch Station.**  
**GOING NORTH.**  
By Chicago. No. 5. Daily ex Sunday 10:35 AM.  
1:30 PM. No. 7. Daily ex Sunday 1:30 PM.  
6:40 PM. No. 9. Daily ex Sunday 6:40 PM.  
8:20 AM. No. 11. Daily ex Sunday 8:20 AM.  
**GOING SOUTH.**  
By Chicago. No. 10. Daily ex Sunday 8:55 AM.  
6:45 AM. No. 12. Daily ex Sunday 6:45 AM.  
11:25 AM. No. 8. Daily ex Sunday 11:25 AM.  
4:25 PM. No. 6. Daily ex Sunday 4:25 PM.  
9:14 PM. No. 4. Daily ex Sunday 9:14 PM.  
W. F. ZIEGLER, Agent, Antioch.

## Antioch Local News.

J. C. James, Jr., was a Chicago visitor Monday.

Chase Webb and Dell Gray took in Kenosha Monday.

J. A. Siver, of Russell, was a caller at The News office Tuesday.

Will Wegg, of Chicago, spent Sunday a guest of the Simons house.

Charles Thorn and wife visited in Chicago a couple of days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Sibley are entertaining friends this week at their home in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. John Horan, Jr. have moved to their new residence in the Harden addition.

John Merville and wife have moved back from Richmond and now occupy their house at Pikeville.

H. Reis is erecting another new house in the Johannott addition, just west of the residence of Mr. Johannott.

Mrs. R. M. Olcott arrived home last week after a pleasant visit of a few weeks with relatives in Chicago and other places.

Mrs. Dr. Fisher and family, of Chicago, are visiting her mother, Mrs. S. D. Warner, and other Antioch relatives and friends.

G. W. Key has rented the William Burke house in the Chinn & Burke addition and will occupy it with his family about the first of September.

Maple City Self Washing Soap works perfectly in hard water. It bleaches white clothes and sets fast colors. For sale by Joseph N. Cohn.

The Misses Lena Drury and Ada Buttrick have been spending a week at Fox Lake, visiting relatives and friends. They returned home Saturday last.

Maple City Self Washing Soap not only saves the wear on your clothes, because less rubbing is required, but it saves fully half the labor. For sale by Joseph N. Cohn.

A. J. Felter and wife entertained his sister, Mrs. Frank Rodman, of Walworth, Wisconsin, and his cousin, Mrs. Merritt, of Delavan, Wis., the fore part of the week.

Miss Gertrude Peck, who has been spending the summer vacation with her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. George Sanborn, returned to her home in Evanston Friday last.

Thomas Brogan returned to Chicago Tuesday evening to resume his position in the Chicago postoffice, after a vacation of some two weeks spent with his parents and other Antioch relatives and friends.

A. F. Wanner, of the Standard Type Foundry Chicago, accompanied by his two boys, are spending the week at Foltz's Oak Glen Cottage on Channel Lake and enjoying themselves fishing and boating.

While Mr. Goode, pastor of the Antioch Christian Church, is away on a vacation with his parents at Normal, Illinois, for a few weeks there will be preaching morning and evening every Sunday by students from the Chicago university. Everybody invited.

Mrs. Edgar L. Larkin arrived home Friday evening after an absence of about a month traveling in Colorado and other points in the west. She reports a very pleasant trip and says the first hot weather she experienced this season was on her return to Illinois.

Hitching of horses to the lamp posts along the streets is a dangerous practice that many persons indulge in, as a small jar on the post is liable to throw the lamp off and probably scare the horses and cause a runaway and considerable damage. Property owners on the Main streets have called the attention of the News to this matter and wish it to call the attention of the people to the fact that there is an ordinance prohibiting the tying of horses and teams to the posts under a penalty.

## EMMONS' DRUG STORE.

Under the care of Two Regularly Licensed

Goods for Spring and Summer

Extract Sarsaparilla, etc.

Ex. Celery Comp.

Beef, Iron and Wine

Try Our Own Cough Syrup.

a large bottle for 25 cts.

Full stock of

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in two to three days. Does not contain salicylic

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50c, \$1.00, 2.00.

A 50-cent bottle will convince you that AGAR is

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Antioch, Ill.

**Christian Church.**

W. S. Goode, Pastor.

Praying every Lord's Day.

Morning Service at 10:30 a.m.

Sunday School at 11:45 a.m.

Young People's Service at 7:30 p.m.

Evening Service at 7:30 p.m.

Every third Sunday invited to attend the services.

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Rev. A. B. Smith, Pastor.

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Evening Service, 7:30.

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Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schlax expect

to move to Kenosha the latter part of

this month and will make that city

their future home.

Miss Belva McCrabb, of Oaklawn

Farm, spent the latter part of last

week with Waukegan relatives at

Manhattan Beach, Indiana.

Just received a new stock of Ayling

Bros. jet black ink, the best noncorro-

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